Configure VLANs on Wireless LAN Controllers

Contents

Introduction
Prerequisites
Requirements
Components Used
Conventions
Dynamic Interfaces on WLCs
Prerequisites for Configuration of Dynamic Interfaces
Restrictions on Configuration Dynamic Interfaces
<u>Configure</u>
Catalyst Switch that Runs Cisco IOS Software
WLAN Controller VLAN Configuration in GUI
WLAN Controller VLAN Configuration in CLI
<u>Verify</u>
Catalyst Switches Verification
WLAN Controller VLAN Verification
<u>Troubleshoot</u>
Troubleshoot Procedure

Introduction

This document describes how to configure Virtual LANs (VLANs) on Wireless LAN controllers (WLCs).

Prerequisites

Requirements

This procedure assumes that there is a functional DHCP server to provide IP addresses to the access points (APs) that are registered to the controller.

Components Used

- Catalyst switch that runs Cisco IOS[®]Software.
- Cisco WLC 8540 that runs software version 8.10.190.0.
- Access Points

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Conventions

Refer to Cisco Technical Tips Conventions for more information on document conventions.

Dynamic Interfaces on WLCs

Dynamic interfaces, also known as VLAN interfaces, are created by users and designed to be analogous to VLANs for wireless LAN clients.

A controller can support up to 512 dynamic interfaces (VLANs). Each dynamic interface is individually configured and allows separate communication streams to exist on any or all of a controller's distribution system ports. Each dynamic interface controls VLANs and other communications between controllers and all other network devices, and each acts as a DHCP relay for wireless clients associated to Wireless LANs (WLANs) mapped to the interface.

It is possible to assign dynamic interfaces to distribution system ports, WLANs, the Layer 2 management interface, and the Layer 3 ap-manager interface. It is also possible to map the dynamic interface to a backup port.

Configure zero, one, or multiple dynamic interfaces on a distribution system port. However, all dynamic interfaces must be on a different VLAN or IP subnet from all other interfaces configured on the port. If the port is untagged, all dynamic interfaces must be on a different IP subnet from any other interface configured on the port.

For information about maximum number of VLANs supported on a Cisco WLC platform, see the respective Cisco WLC platform datasheet. Cisco recommends the use of tagged VLANs for dynamic interfaces.

VLANs with WLAN controllers use this model:



Prerequisites for Configuration of Dynamic Interfaces

To configure the dynamic interface of the controller, use tagged VLANs for dynamic interfaces.

Restrictions on Configuration Dynamic Interfaces

These restrictions apply for the configuration of dynamic interfaces on the controller:

- Wired clients cannot access management interface of the Cisco 2504 WLC with the IP address of the AP Manager interface.
- For SNMP requests that come from a subnet that is configured as a dynamic interface, the controller responds but the response does not reach the device that initiated the conversation.
- If a DHCP proxy and/or a RADIUS source interface is used, ensure that the dynamic interface has a valid routable address. Duplicate or overlapped addresses across controller interfaces are not supported.
- Do not use ap-manager as the interface name to configure dynamic interfaces as ap-manager is a reserved name.

Configure

This section presents the information to configure the features described in this document.

Note: Use the <u>Command Lookup Tool</u> (<u>registered</u>customers only) to find more information on the commands used in this document.

Catalyst Switch that Runs Cisco IOS Software

```
w-backbone-6#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
w-backbone-6(config)#interface gigabitethernet 8/25
w-backbone-6(config-if)#switchport
w-backbone-6(config-if)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
w-backbone-6(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 999
w-backbone-6(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan 1,81,82,171,999
w-backbone-6(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
w-backbone-6(config-if)#end
w-backbone-6#
```



Note: VLAN number 999 is used as native VLAN here. This means the untagged traffic that arrives at the WLC port comes from vlan 999. In this document, the WLC has management port with tagged VLAN 1, which means traffic to/from the WLC management interface goes on VLAN 1 and VLAN 999 is not used by the WLC.

WLAN Controller VLAN Configuration in GUI

Complete these steps on the WLAN controller.

1. From the WLC GUI, navigate to Controller > Interfaces. The Interfaces page lists all the interfaces that are configured on the WLC. In order to create a new dynamic interface, click New.

cisco	MONITOR WLANS CONTROLLER	WIRELESS	SECURITY MAN	AGEMENT C	OMMANDS HELP	FEEDBACK	Saye Configuration Ping Logout Refresh
Controller General Icons	Interfaces	VLAN	TD Address	Interface	Dynamic AP	TDu6 Address	Entries 1 - 6 of 6 New
Inventory	171	171	192 168 171 30	Dynamic	Disabled	IPV0 Address	
Interfaces	management	1	10.48.39.46	Static	Enabled	2001:1::46/64	
Interface Groups	redundancy-management	1	10.48.39.52	Static	Not Supported		
Multicast	redundancy-port	untagged	172.16.39.52	Static	Not Supported		
Network Routes	service-port	N/A	0.0.00	DHCP	Disabled	::/128	
Redundancy	virtual	N/A	10.2.3.4	Static	Not Supported		
 Mobility Management Ports NTP CDP PMIPv6 Tunneling IPv6 mDNS 			•				

2. Enter the Interface Name and VLAN Identifier, and clickApply.

սիսին									Save Configuration Ping Logout Befresh
cisco	MONITOR WL	ANS <u>C</u> ONTROLLER	WIRELESS	SECURITY	MANAGEMENT	COMMANDS	HELP	FEEDBACK	🔒 Home
Controller	Interfaces > N	New							< Back Apply
General Icons Inventory Interfaces Interface Groups Multicast Network Routes Redundancy Mobility Management Ports NTP NTP POPP PMIPv6	Interface Name	2 VLAN 81 81			J				
IPv6 mDNS									

3. Enter the parameters specific to this VLAN. Some of the parameters include the IP Address, Netmask, Gateway, and the Primary DHCP Server IP address, and click Apply.

սիսիս					Save Confi	iguration	Ping	Logout <u>R</u> efresh	
CISCO MONITOR	WLANS CONTROLLER	WIRELES	5 <u>S</u> ECURITY	M <u>A</u> NAGEMENT	C <u>O</u> MMANDS	HELP	FEEDI	3ACK 🔒 <u>H</u> ome	
Controller	Interfaces > Edit	6				< Ba	ck	Apply	*
General Icons Inventory Interfaces	General Information	n vlar	81		5				
Interface Groups	MAC Address	74:	a0:2f:2a:75:7e						
Multicast Network Routes 	Configuration								
Redundancy	Guest Lan								
Mobility Management	Quarantine		_						
Ports	Quarantine Vlan Id	0							
▶ NTP	NAS-ID	none							
▶ CDP	Physical Informatio	n							
 PMIPv6 Tunneling 	Port Number	[1						
▶ IPv6	Backup Port	1	0						
▶ mDNS	Active Port		1						
Advanced	Enable Dynamic AP Ma	nagement							
	Interface Address								
	VLAN Identifier	1	81						
	IP Address	1	192.168.81.46						
	Netmask	[255.255.255.0						
	Gateway	[192.168.81.1						
	DHCP Information								
	Primary DHCP Server		10.48	39.5					
	Secondary DHCP Serve	er							
	DHCP Proxy Mode		Globa	▼					
	Enable DHCP Option 82	2							
	Access Control List								
	ACL Name		none 🔻						
	mDNS								
	mDNS Profile		none	۲					
	External Module								
	3G VLAN								
	Note: Changing the Interf temporarily disabled and	ace parame thus may re	ters causes the I sult in loss of col	VLANs to be nnectivity for					+

Note: The IP address assigned to this interface acts as the DHCP relay for a client to obtain an IP address from the DHCP server. For example, when a client attempts to associate to a WLAN/SSID (step 5 in this configuration) mapped to this dynamic interface, it performs a local subnet broadcast to identify the DHCP server. The controller sends a request to the DHCP server (or to itself if it is the DHCP server for the segment) with the IP address of this dynamic interface as relay IP to the DHCP server configured for this interface. The DHCP server assigns an IP address to the client from the configured DHCP scope.

Note: It is mandatory to have a valid IP address for technical reasons, but this IP address is not used unless DHCP proxy or radius interface overwrite (under WLAN config) are enabled.

Note: The Interface Name or VLAN name is used as radius attribute (airespace-interface-name) to return a VLAN name instead of number.

4. Verify the interface configuration. Click the Controller tab in the menu at the top of the window, and choose Interfaces from the menu on the left.

cisco	MONITOR WLANS CONTROLLER	WIRELESS	SECURITY MA	NAGEMENT (OMMANDS HELP	FEEDBACK	Save Configuration Ping Logo	ut Befresh
Controller	Interfaces						Entries 1 - 8 of 8	New
General								
Icons	Interface Name	VLAN Identifier	IP Address	Interface Type	Dynamic AP Management	IPv6 Address		
Inventory	171	171	192.168.171.30	Dynamic	Disabled		•	
Interfaces	management	1	10.48.39.46	Static	Enabled	2001:1::46/64		
Interface Groups	redundancy-management	1	10.48.39.52	Static	Not Supported			
Multicast	redundancy-port	untagged	172.16.39.52	Static	Not Supported			
Network Routes	service-port	N/A	0.0.00	DHCP	Disabled	::/128		
Redundancy	virtual	N/A	10.2.3.4	Static	Not Supported			
Mobility Management	vian.81	81	192.168.81.46	Dynamic	Disabled		•	
Ports	vian.82	82	192.168.82.46	Dynamic	Disabled		•	
▶ NTP								
> CDP								
PMIPv6								
* Tunneling								
IDu6								
F MDNS								

5. Click theWLANstab in the menu at the top of the window, and clickCreate New.

and the second se	CONTROLLER	WIRELESS	SECURITY	MANAGEMENT	COMMANDS	HELP	EEEDBACK		🔒 Hom
ls					1	-			Entries 1 - 1 of 1
Filter: N	Ione [<u>Char</u>	nge Filter) (Cle	ar Filter)		C	Create N	ew 🔹	Go	
AN ID Type	Profile N	lame		WLAN SSID		A	dmin Status	Security Policies	
WLAN	self-anch	or		self-anchor		DI	sabled	None	
	NS nt Filter: N LAN ID Type WLAN	NS ht Filter: None [Chai LAN ID Type Profile N WLAN self-anch	NS It Filter: ^{None} [<u>Change Filter</u>] [<u>Clei</u> LAN ID Type Profile Name WLAN self-anchor	NS It Filter: ^{None} [<u>Change Filter</u>] [<u>Clear Filter</u>] LAN ID Type Profile Name WLAN self-anchor	NS It Filter: None [Change Filter] [Clear Filter] LAN ID Type Profile Name WLAN SSID WLAN self-anchor self-anchor	Ns It Filter: None [Change Filter] [Clear Filter] LAN ID Type Profile Name WLAN SSID WLAN self-anchor self-anchor	NS It Filter: None [Change Filter] [Clear Filter] LAN ID Type Profile Name WLAN SSID Av WLAN self-anchor Di	NS It Filter: None [Change Filter] [Clear Filter] LAN ID Type Profile Name WLAN SSID Admin Status WLAN self-anchor Disabled	NS It Filter: None [Change Filter] [Clear Filter] LAN ID Type Profile Name WLAN SSID Admin Status Security Policies WLAN self-anchor Disabled None

6. Enter the **Service set identifier (SSID)** and **Profile Name**and clickApply. This example uses VLAN 81 for ease of understanding.

						Save Configuration Ping Logout Refresh
CISCO	MONITOR WLANs	CONTROLLER WIRELESS	SECURITY MANAGEMENT	COMMANDS HEL	P <u>F</u> EEDBACK	🔒 Home
WLANs	WLANs > New					< Back Apply
WLANs WLANs	Туре	WLAN •				
Advanced	Profile Name	Students				
	SSID	Students				
	ID	2 🔻				

7. Select VLAN 81 from the Interface Namedrop-down menu at the bottom of the window, and clickApply. In this case, SSID Students is tied toInterface Name VLAN 81.

ululu cisco	MONITOR WLANS CONTROL	ller wireless security managemen	t commands help feedback	Saye Configuration Ping Logout Refresh
WLANs	WLANs > Edit 'Students'			< Back Apply
WLANs	General Security Q	oS Policy-Mapping Advanced		
Advanced	Profile Name	Students		
	Туре	WLAN		
	SSID	Students		
	Status	C Enabled		
	Security Policies	[WPA2][Auth(802.1X)] (Modifications done under security tab will appear	after applying the changes.)	
	Radio Policy	All		
	Interface/Interface Group(G)	vlan 81 🔻		
	Multicast Vlan Feature	Enabled		
	Broadcast SSID	Enabled		
	NAS-ID	W-8540-1		

WLAN Controller VLAN Configuration in CLI

Use this section in order to configure your VLAN via command-line interface (CLI).

1. Create the interface and the associated VLAN tag. The command is **config interface create** interface_namevlan_id.

(W-8540-1) >config interface create "VLAN 81" 81

Note: If there is a space in the VLAN/WLAN name as is the case in this example, make sure the name is in quotes.

2. Define the IP address and default gateway. The command is **config interface** interface_nameIP_addressnetmaskgateway.

(W-8540-1) >config interface address dynamic-interface "VLAN 81" 192.168.81.46 255.255.255.0 192.168.81

3. Define the DHCP server. The command is config interface dhcp dynamic-interface<interfacename>primary<primary<primary</primary</pre>(secondary)<primary<primary</pre>

(W-8540-1) >config interface dhcp dynamic-interface "VLAN 81" primary 10.48.39.5

4. Issue this command in order to map the interface to a physical port: config interface port operator_defined_interface_name physical_ds_port_number.

(W-8540-1) >config interface port "VLAN 81" 1

5. Verify the interface configuration. The command is show interface summary.

<#root>

(W-8540-1) > show interface summary

Number of Interfaces			. 8			
Interface Name	Port	Vlan Id	IP Address	Туре	Ap Mgr	Guest
171	1	171	192.168.171.3	O Dynamic	 No	No
management	1	1	10.48.39.46	Static	Yes	No
redundancy-management	1	1	10.48.39.52	Static	No	No
redundancy-port	-	untagged	172.16.39.52	Static	No	No
service-port	N/A	N/A	0.0.0.0	DHCP	No	No
virtual	N/A	N/A	10.2.3.4	Static	No	No
vlan 81	1	81	192.168.81.46	5 Dynamic	No	No
vlan 82	1	82	192.168.82.46	6 Dynamic	No	No

6. Define the WLAN. The command is config wlan create wlan_idname.

(W-8540-1) >config wlan create 2 Students Students

7. Define the interface for the WLAN. The command is config wlan interface wlan_idinterface_name.

(W-8540-1) >config wlan interface 2 "vlan 81"

8. Verify the WLAN and the associated interface. The command is show wan summary.

<#root>

(W-8540-1) >

Verify

Use this section to confirm that your configuration works properly.

Catalyst Switches Verification

• Catalyst switch that runs Cisco IOS Software: show running-config interface interface_type interface_number.

<#root>
w-backbone-6k#
show running-config interface gigabitethernet 2/1
Building configuration
Current configuration : 190 bytes
<pre>interface GigabitEthernet2/1 no ip address switchport switchport trunk encapsulation dot1g</pre>
switchport trunk native vlan 999 switchport trunk allowed vlan 1,81,82,171,999 switchport mode trunk end

WLAN Controller VLAN Verification

• Verify the interface configuration. The command is show interface summary.

<#root>

(W-8540-1) > show interface summary

Number of Interfaces			. 8			
Interface Name	Port	Vlan Id	IP Address	Туре	Ap Mgr	Guest
171	1	171	192.168.171.3	0 Dynamic	No	No
management	1	1	10.48.39.46	Static	Yes	NO
redundancy-management	1	1	10.48.39.52	Static	No	No
redundancy-port	-	untagged	172.16.39.52	Static	No	No
service-port	N/A	N/A	0.0.0.0	DHCP	No	No
virtual	N/A	N/A	10.2.3.4	Static	No	No
vlan 81	1	81	192.168.81.46	5 Dynamic	No	No
1 92	1	82	100 160 00 4/	. Domonia	No	No
Vian 02	T	ō2	192.168.82.46	Dynamic	Ю	NO

• Verify the WLAN and the associated interface. The command is show wlan summary.

Number of W WLAN ID	LANs WLAN Profile Name / SSID	2 Status	Interface Name	PMIPv6 Mobility
1	self-anchor / self-anchor	Disabled	management	none
2	Students / Students	Enabled	vlan 81	none

(W-8540-1) >

Troubleshoot

Use this section to troubleshoot your configuration.

Troubleshoot Procedure

Complete these instructions in order to troubleshoot your configuration.

- 1. Ping from the WLAN controller to the default gateway that is configured on the VLAN routed interface, and then ping in the opposite direction.
 - WLAN controller:

(W-8540-1) >ping 192.168.81.1
Send count=3, Receive count=3 from 192.168.81.1
(W-8540-1) >

• VLAN routed interface:

w-backbone-6k#ping 192.168.81.46
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.81.46, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/1 ms
w-backbone-6k#

2. If the pings are unsuccessful, deploy a packet capture/sniffer at the switch and check in order to verify proper VLAN tagging.

Note: When you initiate the ping from your controller to a Layer 3 gateway, which is on the same subnet as your dynamic interface, the controller appears to source the ping from the dynamic interface.